

period commencing on January 1st, 1918; after January 1st, 1919, the fee for the remaining two years of said triennial period shall be three dollars and fifty cents (\$3.50); on and after January 1st, 1920, the fee for the remaining one year of said triennial period shall be two dollars (\$2.00) for each motor vehicle; no license for registering a motor vehicle shall be issued for less than two dollars (\$2.00); and the fee for registering manufacturers and dealers referred to under section 2629, General Statutes for 1913, shall be twenty dollars (\$20.00) for each manufacturer or dealer for the full triennial period, extra tags to be furnished for one dollar (\$1.00) per set. For each triennial period commencing with January 1st, 1921, the above schedule of license fees shall be in effect.

Approved March 16, 1915.

CHAPTER 34—S. F. No. 132.

An Act authorizing any city of this state now or hereafter owning and operating an electric light and power plant, and having a population of ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants, or less, to dispose of surplus electricity to private consumers outside of the corporate limits of such city.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. Disposition of surplus electricity by cities of population of 10,000 or less.—Any city of this state now or hereafter owning and operating an electric light and power plant for the production and distribution of electricity, and now or hereafter having a population of ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants, or less, shall be authorized and empowered to dispose of any surplus electricity so produced to private consumers desiring the same residing outside the corporate limits of said city, at such rates and upon such terms as the city council, or other governing body of such city, may deem proper.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 16, 1915.

CHAPTER 35—S. F. No. 152.

An Act to amend Chapter 312 of the General Laws of 1903, as amended by Chapter 141 of the General Laws of 1907; Chapter 364 of the General Laws of 1909; Chapter 385 of the General Laws of 1909 and Chapter 396 of the General Laws of 1913, authorizing cities having a population of 10,000 or less and all villages and boroughs of this state, whether organized under the General Laws