

tion called for that purpose pursuant to the charter of said city, or at any general election held in said city, and if a majority of the legal voters of said city voting on said proposition vote in favor of the issuance of said bonds, then the council, city commission or other governing body of said city shall have full power and authority to issue and sell the same for the purpose specified in said resolution, and not otherwise. But if a majority of the legal voters of said city voting on said question should vote not to issue and sell said bonds, then the proposition shall be deemed rejected.

Sec. 3. Conduct of election.—Said election shall be conducted as are other special elections in said city, unless the proposition shall be submitted at a general city election, but in either case, the proposition shall be plainly submitted upon the city election ballot by the use of appropriate language, in conformity with the so-called Australian election ballot law of this state. Said vote shall be returned and canvassed as at other elections in said city.

Sec. 4. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1919.

CHAPTER 251—S. F. No. 476.

An act to amend Section 4973, General Statutes of Minnesota 1913, relating to the licensing of physicians by the state medical examining board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. May license, without examination, physician passed by national board of medical examiners.—That section 4973, General Statutes Minnesota, 1913, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

4973. That the state medical examining board, either with or without examination, may grant a license to any physician licensed to practice by a similar board of another state, and who holds a certificate of registration showing that an examination has been made by the proper board of any state in which an average grade of not less than seventy-five (75) per cent was awarded to the holder thereof, the said applicant and holder of such certificate having been at the time of said examination the legal possessor of a diploma from a medical college in good standing in this state, which said diploma may be accepted in lieu of an examination as evidence of qualification. In case the scope of said examination was less than that prescribed by this state the applicant may be required to submit to an examination in such subjects as have not been covered. The fee for such examination shall be fifty dollars (\$50.00).

A certificate of registration or license issued by the proper board of any state may be accepted as evidence of qualification for registration in this state; provided, the holder thereof was at the time of such registration the legal possessor of a diploma issued by a medical college in good standing in this state and that the date thereof was prior to the legal requirements of the examination test in this state.

Said board may also, either with or without examination, grant a license to any physician who has satisfactorily passed the examinations given by the national board of medical examiners; provided further, that any physician licensed in any state who is a graduate of a recognized medical college, and who shall have served in overseas service in the army or navy of the United States for a period of not less than six months, and upon a payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), and upon a proper showing of such service and license by said applicant, shall be licensed to practice as a physician and surgeon in this state without further examination, and, provided further, that such application for such license shall be made within one year from the taking effect of this act.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1919.

CHAPTER 252—S. F. No. 574.

An act creating a board of estimate and taxation in each city of the first class not organized under Section 36, Article 4, of the state constitution, and defining its powers and duties regulating taxation, finance and indebtedness therein.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Composition of board of estimate and taxation for Minneapolis.**—In each city of the first class not organized under section 36, article 4, of the state constitution, there shall be a board of estimate and taxation consisting of the mayor, the city comptroller or chief accounting officer, the chairman of the committee on ways and means or of the corresponding committee of the city council or chief governing body, the president of the board of education or of the body having charge of the schools of such city or such other member thereof as the board or body may designate at its annual meeting each year; the president of the board of park commissioners or the chief officer of the body having charge of the parks of the city or such other member thereof as the board or body may designate at its annual meeting each year, and two qualified electors of the city to be elected at large for terms of two years, except that in the first instance, the said four qualified electors shall be appointed by the mayor and be subject to confirma-