

CHAPTER 400—H. F. No. 1348

An act relating to the manner of payment of county orders, warrants and checks, and amending Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 869.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. Law amended.—That Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 869, be amended to read as follows:

"869. Payment of county orders etc.—When any order or warrant drawn on him as treasurer is presented for payment, if there is money in the treasury for that purpose, the county treasurer shall redeem the same, and write across the entire face thereof the word 'Redeemed,' the date of the redemption, and his official signature. If there is not sufficient funds in the proper accounts to pay such orders they shall be numbered and registered in their order of presentation, and proper endorsement thereof shall be made on such orders and they shall be entitled to payment in like order. Such orders shall bear interest at the legal rate from such date of presentation. The treasurer, as soon as there is sufficient money in the treasury, shall appropriate and set apart a sum sufficient for the payment of the orders so presented and registered, and, if entitled to interest, he shall issue to the original holder a notice that interest will cease in thirty days from the date of such notice; and, if orders thus entitled to priority of payment are not then presented, the next in order of registry may be paid until such orders are presented. No interest shall be paid on any order, except upon a warrant drawn by the county auditor for that purpose, giving the number and date of the order on account of which the interest warrant is drawn, provided, that in any county in this state now or hereafter having an assessed valuation of all taxable property, exclusive of money and credits, of not less than two hundred fifty million (\$250,000,000) dollars, the county treasurer, in order to save payment of interest on county warrants drawn upon a fund in which there shall be temporarily insufficient money in the treasury to redeem the same, may borrow temporarily from any other fund in the county treasury in which there is a sufficient balance to care for the needs of such fund and allow a temporary loan or transfer to any other fund, and said treasurer may pay such warrants out of such funds. That any such money so transferred and used in redeeming such county warrants, shall be returned to the fund from which drawn as soon as money shall come in to the credit of such fund on which any such warrant was drawn and paid as aforesaid. *Provided, that any county operating on a cash basis may use a combined form of warrant or order and check, which, when signed by the chairman of the county board*

and by the auditor, is an order or warrant for the payment of the claim, and, when countersigned by the county treasurer, is a check for the payment of the amount thereof."

Approved April 24, 1937.

CHAPTER 401—S. F. No. 1319

An act to amend Section 7 of Chapter 2, Extra Session Laws of 1936, relative to unemployment compensation and with particular reference to the disqualification for benefits.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Law amended.—That Section 7 of Chapter 2, Extra Session Laws of 1936 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 7. Disqualification for benefits.—An individual shall be disqualified for benefits—

(a) For the week in which he has left work voluntarily without good cause, if so found by the commission, and for not less than one nor more than the five weeks which immediately follow such week (in addition to the waiting period) as determined by the commission according to the circumstances in each case.

(b) For the week in which he has been discharged for misconduct connected with his work, if so found by the commission, and for not less than one nor more than the nine weeks which immediately follow such week (in addition to the waiting period) as determined by the commission in each case according to the seriousness of the misconduct.

(c) If the commission finds that he has failed, without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work when so directed by the employment office or the commission or to accept suitable work when offered him, or to return to his customary self-employment (if any) when so directed by the commission. Such disqualification shall continue for the week in which such failure occurred and for not less than one nor more than the five weeks which immediately follow such week (in addition to the waiting period) as determined by the commission according to the circumstances in each case.

(1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the commission shall consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety, and morals, his physical fitness and prior train-