

CHAPTER 163—H. F. No. 37

An act to amend Laws 1909, Chapter 356, Section 1, as amended, relating to appropriation for public improvements, in and about navigable lakes in certain counties:

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Laws 1909, Chapter 356, Section 1, as amended by Laws 1935, Chapter 378, Section 2, and by Laws 1937, Chapter 455, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. **Appropriation for public improvements on navigable lakes by Hennepin County.** *In any county now or hereafter having a population of 400,000 inhabitants or more the county board may appropriate each year from the revenue fund, not to exceed \$100,000, for public improvements on, in or about any navigable lake which lies wholly or for the greater part within the county, and outside the corporate limits of any city of the first class.*

Approved March 28, 1945.

CHAPTER 164—H. F. No. 119

An act relating to the sale of milk and cream, and amending Minnesota Statutes 1941, Section 32.25, Subdivision 1.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1941, Section 32.25, Subdivision 1, is hereby amended to read:

32.25. **Payment upon basis of milk fat.** Subdivision 1. All milk and cream sold or purchased for the purpose of manufacture into butter or cheese, or for the purpose of condensing or drying the same, shall be sold and purchased by weight, and payment shall be made therefor upon the basis of milk fat therein contained, and not otherwise; provided, that in purchasing whole milk from which the milk fat or cream is to be separated and the skimmed milk sold or processed separately, the purchaser shall pay for such skimmed milk by weight in addition to the amount paid for milk fat as herein prescribed, computing the skimmed milk at 80 per cent of the weight of the whole milk, or the purchaser of such whole milk may pay for same on the basis of the fat and the non-fat solids contained therein.

The percentage of milk-fat in such milk and cream shall be determined by the Babcock test and by employing a standard official method for operating this test, which method shall be that adopted, prescribed, and set forth, with specifications in detail, in the rules and regulations from time to time made and published by the commissioner under and pursuant to authority therefor conferred by the Minnesota Dairy and Food Law for the purpose of carrying out and enforcing the provisions thereof, which authority hereby expressly is declared to be applicable in the premises.

Approved March 28, 1945.

CHAPTER 165—H. F. No. 135

An act describing, defining, and officially adopting a system of coordinates for designating and stating the positions of points on the surface of the earth within the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Minnesota coordinate system.** The system of plane coordinates which has been established by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey for defining and stating the positions or locations of points on the surface of the earth within the State of Minnesota is hereafter to be known and designated as the "Minnesota Coordinate System."

For the purpose of the use of this system the State is divided into a "North Zone," a "Central Zone," and a "South Zone."

The area now included in the following counties shall constitute the North Zone: Beltrami, Clearwater, Cook, Itasca, Kittson, Koochiching, Lake, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomon, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, Roseau, and Saint Louis.

The area now included in the following counties shall constitute the Central Zone: Aitkin, Becker, Benton, Carlton, Cass, Chisago, Clay, Crow Wing, Douglas, Grant, Hubbard, Isanti, Kanabec, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Otter Tail, Pine, Pope, Stearns, Stevens, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, and Wilkin.