

surance and for the purpose of paying claims or judgments against said city may be levied as taxes in excess of any per capita or millage tax limitation imposed by statute or charter.

Sec. 2. This act shall expire on July 1, 1967.

Sec. 3. This act shall become effective only after its approval by a majority of the governing body of the city of Saint Paul and upon compliance with the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, Section 645.021.

Approved May 25, 1965.

CHAPTER 694—H. F. No. 2038

[Coded]

An act relating to regional planning; providing for regional planning boards; prescribing their powers and duties, and conferring certain powers on local governmental units.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **[462.371] Regional planning activities.** Any two or more counties, cities, villages, boroughs, or towns may enter into an agreement under Section 471.59 for the conduct of regional planning activities.

Sec. 2. **[462.372] Regional planning boards.** The agreement creating a regional planning agency shall provide for a regional planning board composed of members selected from the governing bodies of the participating governmental units. The number, term of office, method of appointment and removal of members, shall be provided for in the agreement.

Sec. 3. **[462.373] Regional planning board; powers and duties.** Subdivision 1. The regional planning board may employ a planning director and necessary staff, or appoint an advisory planning commission, or both, to assist it in exercising its powers and duties. The regional planning board may hire experts and consultants and contract with other planning agencies for necessary services.

Subd. 2. The regional planning board may prepare and from time to time revise, amend, extend, or add to a plan or plans for the development of the region, which plan or plans collectively shall be known as the regional development plan. No portion of a re-

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by ~~strikeout~~.

gional development plan shall be adopted by the regional planning board until it has been referred to the governing bodies of participating units for their review and their recommendation within such time as is prescribed in the agreement.

Subd. 3. The regional planning board may accept funds, grants, and services from the government of the United States or its agencies, from the state of Minnesota or its departments, agencies or instrumentalities, or from any governmental unit whether participating in the regional agency or not, and from private and civic sources.

Sec. 4. [462.374] **Adoption of plan by local units.** Any local governmental unit within the region may adopt all or any portion of the regional development plan. No comprehensive plan shall be adopted in any participating unit until such plan has been referred to the regional planning board for its review and recommendation within such time as is prescribed in the agreement.

Sec. 5. [462.375] **Regional development plan; filing and distribution.** The regional planning agency shall transmit the regional development plan and any revisions thereto, to any state planning agency that may exist, otherwise to the department of business development, the governing bodies of cooperating governmental units, and to planning agencies in contiguous areas. The agency may prepare additional copies of the plan for general distribution or sale.

Approved May 25, 1965.

CHAPTER 695—H. F. No. 2105

An act relating to the municipal court of the city of St. Paul and the conciliation court of the city of St. Paul; providing for increased jurisdiction of municipal court and conciliation court; providing for judges' salaries; amending Minnesota Statutes 1961, Sections 488A.18, Subdivision 4; 488A.19, Subdivision 10, as amended; 488A.26, Subdivision 3; 488A.29, Subdivision 3; and 488A.31, Subdivision 6.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1961, Section 488A.18, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **St. Paul municipal court; civil jurisdiction.** (a) Excepting cases involving title to real estate, the court has jurisdic-

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