

or intended to be used in the violation. The officer making a sale after deducting the expense of keeping the property, the fee for seizure, and the costs of the sale, shall pay all liens according to their priority, which are established at the hearing as being bona fide and as existing without the lienor having any notice or knowledge that the property was being used or was intended to be used for or in connection with the violation specified in the order of the court, and shall pay the balance of the proceeds into the state treasury to the general fund. Any sale under the provisions of section 297.08 shall operate to free the property sold from any and all liens thereon. Appeal from the order of the district court will lie to the supreme court as in other civil actions. At any time after seizure of the articles specified in this subdivision, and before the hearing herein provided for, the property shall be returned to the owner or person having a legal right to possession thereof, upon execution by him of a good and valid bond to the state of Minnesota, with corporate surety, in the sum of not less than \$100 and not more than double the value of the property seized, to be approved by the court in which the case is triable, or a judge thereof, conditioned to abide any order and the judgment of the court, and to pay the full value of the property at the time of seizure.

Sec. 4. This act is effective the day following final enactment.

Approved June 4, 1975.

CHAPTER 341—H.F.No.146

[Coded]

An act relating to commerce; requiring that tents and sleeping bags be flame resistant; providing a penalty.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [325.331] **FLAME RESISTANT TENTS AND SLEEPING BAGS; PUBLIC ASSEMBLY TENTS.** No person, firm or corporation shall establish, maintain or operate any circus, side show, carnival, tent show, theater, skating rink, dance hall, or a similar exhibition, production, engagement or offering or other place of assemblage in or under which ten or more persons may gather for any lawful purpose in any tent, awning or other fabric enclosure unless such tent, awning or other fabric enclosure, and all auxiliary tents, curtains, drops, awnings and all decorative materials, are made from a non-flammable material or are treated and maintained in a flame resistant condition. This section shall not apply to tents used to conduct committal services on the grounds of a cemetery, nor to tents, awnings or other fabric enclosures erected and used within a sound stage, or other similar structural enclosure which is equipped with an overhead automatic sprinkler system.

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by ~~strikeout~~

Sec. 2. **[325.332] TENTS, SLEEPING BAGS.** No person, firm or corporation may sell or offer for sale or manufacture for sale in this state any tent unless all fabrics or pliable materials in the tent are durably flame resistant. No person, firm or corporation may sell or offer for sale or manufacture for sale in this state any sleeping bag unless it meets the standards of the commissioner of public safety for flame resistancy. Tents and sleeping bags shall be conspicuously labeled as being durably flame resistant.

Sec 3. **[325.333] REGULATIONS.** The commissioner of public safety shall act so as to have effective rules and regulations concerning standards for nonflammable, flame resistant and durably resistant materials and for labeling requirements by January 1, 1976. In order to comply with sections 1 and 2 all materials and labels must comply with the rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner. The commissioner has general rule making power to otherwise implement this act.

Sec. 4. **[325.334] CIVIL PENALTIES.** Any firm or corporation who violates sections 1 through 3 shall be strictly liable for any damage which occurs to any person as a result of such violation. In addition, any seller shall refund the full purchase price of any item sold in violation of section 2 upon return of the item by the buyer.

Sec. 5. **[325.335] CRIMINAL PENALTIES.** Any person, firm or corporation which violates sections 1 through 3 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 6. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Section 3 is effective the day following its final enactment. Sections 1, 2, 4, and 5 are effective January 1, 1977.

Approved June 4, 1975.

CHAPTER 342—H.F.No.153

An act relating to elections; prohibiting interference with candidacy; permitting public officials time off to attend meetings of their public offices; prohibiting retaliatory action by employers; amending Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 211.10.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 211.10, is amended to read:

211.10 ELECTIONS; ELECTED OFFICIALS; TIME OFF FROM EMPLOYMENT; SHALL NOT INDUCE PERSON TO BECOME A CANDIDATE OR REFRAIN THEREFROM; PERMISSION TO ATTEND

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by ~~strikeout~~