grade, quality, condition, and packs, tagging, branding and labeling.

- Sec. 9. Violation a misdemeanor.—Whoever violates this Act or any part or provision thereof, by not grading potatoes as herein required, or by not tagging or branding containers as herein required, or by removing or altering any tag or brands placed upon or attached to any containers as in this Act required, unless ordered to do so by the Commissioner of Agriculture, or his duly appointed representative or representatives, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$10.00, nor more than \$100.00 or by imprisonment in the county jail of not less than 30 days nor more than three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment in accordance with the discretion of the Court.
- Sec. 10. Acts severable.—If any section, sub-division, sentence, clause, paragraph or phrase of this Act is for any reason held to be unconstitutional or void, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Act, so long as sufficient remains of this Act to render the same operative and reasonably effective for carrying out the main purpose and intention of the Legislature in enacting the same, as such purpose and intention may be disclosed by this Act.
- Sec. 11. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 12. Effective July, 1935.—This Act shall be in full force and effect from and after July 1st, 1935.

Approved April 13, 1935.

CHAPTER 165-H. F. No. 212

An Act to require physicians, surgeons, all persons engaging in the practice of healing, superintendents or managers of hospitals, nurses, and pharmacists, whether such persons are licensed or not, to report to the proper law enforcement authorities, all injuries to patients inflicted by the discharge of a gun, pistol, or other firearm, and making failure to comply herewith a gross misdemeanor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Physicians, etc., to report injuries.—Every physician, every surgeon, every person authorized to engage in

the practice of healing, every superintendent or manager of a hospital, every nurse and every pharmacist whether such physicians, surgeons, persons engaged in the practice of healing, superintendent or manager of any hospital, nurse and pharmacist be licensed or not, shall immediately report to the proper police authorities as herein defined all bullet wounds, gun-shot wounds, powder burns, or any other injury arising from, or caused by the discharge of any gun, pistol or any other firearm, which wound he is called upon to treat, dress or bandage.

- Sec. 2. Methods of reporting.—The report required by the preceding section shall be made forthwith by telephone or in person, and shall be promptly supplemented by letter, enclosed in a securely sealed, postpaid envelope, addressed to the sheriff of the county in which such wound is examined, dressed or otherwise treated; except that if the place in which such patient is treated for such injury or his wound dressed or bandaged be in a city of the first, second or third class, such report shall be made and transmitted as herein provided to the chief of police of such city instead of the sheriff. The office of any such sheriff and of any such chief of police shall keep such report as a confidential communication and shall not disclose the name of the person making the same, and the party making such report shall not by reason thereof be subpoenaed, examined, or forced to testify in court as a consequence of having made such a report.
- Sec. 3. Application of Act.—The requirements of this act shall not apply to a nurse employed in a hospital nor to a nurse regularly employed by a physician, surgeon or other person practicing healing where the employer has made a proper report in compliance herewith.
- Sec. 4. Violation a gross misdemeanor.—Any person who violates any provision of this act is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Approved April 13, 1935.

CHAPTER 166-S. F. No. 466

An act amending Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 10935, defining the qualifications of a legal newspaper, providing means of determining such legal qualifications; and repealing Laws 1933, Chapter 151, and Laws 1933, Chapter 373.