interest or discount as the sum of the periodical time balances after the date of prepayment bears to the sum of all the periodical time balances under the schedule of payments in the original loan contract.

For the purpose of calculating such refunds, the commissioner of banks shall furnish a chart giving effect hereto for the use of such companies, which chart shall be followed in calculating refunds;

(3) To impose a handling charge of five cents for each default in the payment of \$1, or fraction thereof, at the time any periodical installment on a certificate of indebtedness assigned as collateral security for the payment of a loan made pursuant to the foregoing provisions becomes due; provided, that this handling charge shall not be cumulative; that the aggregate of the handling charges collected in connection with any such loan of \$50, or less, shall not exceed 50 cents, and that the aggregate of handling charges collected in connection with any such loan of more than \$50 shall not exceed one per cent of the loan and shall in no event exceed \$5;

(4) The right, with the consent of the department of commerce, to sell and issue for investment or to be pledged as security for a loan made contemporaneously therewith or otherwise, certificates of indebtedness, under any descriptive name, which may bear such interest, if any, as their terms may provide, and which may require the payment to the company of such amounts, from time to time, as their terms may provide, and permit the withdrawal of amounts paid upon the same, in whole or in part, from time to time, and the credit of amounts thereon upon such conditions as may be set forth therein; and no such certificate of indebtedness shall have a surrender value which is less than the total amount paid to the company therefor; and

(5) Upon the maturity of a note, the borrower may, at his option, surrender the certificate of indebtedness pledged to secure the same, in which event the amounts, if any, paid on the certificate of indebtedness, less such handling charges as are authorized by this chapter, shall be applied to reduce the balance owing on the note.

Approved March 20, 1953.

## Chapter 134-H. F. No. 804

An act relating to the powers of the State Board of Health.

authorizing the board to regulate the prevention of infant blindness and infection; amending Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 144.12.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 144.12, is amended to read:

144.12 **Regulations, enforcement.** The board may adopt, alter, and enforce reasonable regulations of permanent application throughout the whole or any portion of the state, or for specified periods in parts thereof, for the preservation of the public health. Upon the approval of the attorney general and the due publication thereof, such regulations shall have the force of law, except in so far as they may conflict with a statute or with the charter or ordinance of a city of the first class upon the same subject. In and by the same the board may control, by requiring the taking out of licenses or permits, or by other appropriate means, any of the following matters:

(1) The manufacture into articles of commerce, other than food, of diseased, tainted, or decayed animal or vegetable matter;

(2) The business of scavengering and the disposal of sewage;

(3) The location of mortuaries and cemeteries and the removal and burial of the dead;

(4) The management of lying-in houses and boarding places for infants and the treatment of infants therein;

(5) The pollution of streams and other waters and the distribution of water by private persons for drinking or domestic use;

(6) The construction and equipment, in respect to sanitary conditions, of schools, hospitals, almshouses, prisons, and other public institutions, and of lodging houses and other public sleeping places kept for gain;

(7) The treatment, in hospitals and elsewhere, of persons suffering from communicable diseases, including all manner of venereal disease and infection, the disinfection and quarantine of persons and places in case of such disease, and the reporting of sicknesses and deaths therefrom; provided, that neither the board nor any local board of health nor director of public health shall have authority to make or adopt any rule or regulation for the treatment in any penal or correctional institution of any person suffering from any such communicable disease or venereal disease or infection, which rule or regulation requires the involuntary detention therein of any person after the expiration of his period of sentence to such penal or correctional institution, or after the expiration of the period to which the sentence may be reduced by good time allowance or by the lawful order of any judge or magistrate, or of any parole board;

(8) The prevention of infant blindness and infection of the eyes of the newly born by the designation, from time to time, of one or more prophylactics to be used in such cases and in such manner as the board may direct, unless specifically objected to by the parents or a parent of such infant;

(9) The furnishing of vaccine matter; the assembling, during epidemics of smallpox, with other persons not vaccinated, but no rule of the board or of any public board or officer shall at any time compel the vaccination of a child, or exclude, except during epidemics of smallpox and when approved by the local board of education, a child from the public schools for the reason that such child has not been vaccinated; any person thus required to be vaccinated may select for that purpose any licensed physician and no rule shall require the vaccination of any child whose physician shall certify that by reason of his physical condition vaccination would be dangerous;

(10) The accumulation of filthy and unwholesome matter to the injury of the public health and the removal thereof;

(11) The collection, recording, and reporting of vital statistics by public officers and the furnishing of information to such officers by physicians, undertakers, and others of births, deaths, causes of death, and other pertinent facts;

(12) The construction, equipment, and maintenance in respect to sanitary conditions of lumber camps and other industrial camps; and

(13) The general sanitation of tourist camps, summer hotels, and resorts in respect to water supplies, disposal of sewage, garbage, and other wastes and the prevention and control of communicable diseases; and, to that end, may prescribe the respective duties of county and local health officers; and all county and local boards of health shall make such investigations and reports and obey such directions as the board may require or give and, under the supervision of the board, enforce such regulations.

Approved March 20, 1953.