nel, pay other expenses, and for the acquisition of equipment used in connection with reimbursable examinations only, and other duties pursuant to law. When full time personnel are not available to carry out his duties, the state auditor may contract with private persons, firms, or corporations for accounting and other technical services. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the acquisition of equipment may include duplicating equipment to be used in producing the reports issued by the department. All receipts from such reimbursable examinations shall be deposited in the fund and are hereby reappropriated to that purpose. The public examiner-state auditor is directed to adjust his schedule of charges for such examinations to provide that such charges shall be sufficient to cover all costs of such examinations and that the aggregate charges collected shall be sufficient to pay all salaries and other expenses including charges for the use of the equipment used in connection with such reimbursable examinations - and including the cost of contracting for accounting and other technical services. The schedule of charges shall be based upon an estimate of the cost of performing reimbursable examinations including, but not limited to, salaries, office overhead, equipment, authorized contracts, and other expenses. The state auditor may allocate a proportionate part of the total costs to an hourly or daily charge for each person or class of persons engaged in the performance of an examination. The schedule of charges shall reflect an equitable charge for the expenses incurred in the performance of any given examination. The public examiner state auditor shall review and adjust the schedule of charges for such examinations at the end of each six months least annually and have all schedules of charges approved by the commissioner of administration before they are adopted so as to insure that the amount collected shall be sufficient to pay all the salaries and expenses costs connected with such examinations during the fiscal year and that the unobligated balance, including accounts receivable, in the revolving fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not be less than \$165,000-\$315,000. The unobligated balance in the revolving fund in excess of said \$165.000 \$315.000 , as of June 30 of each fiscal year, shall be canceled into the general fund.

Sec. 2. This act is in effect the day following its final enactment.

Approved March 15, 1974.

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## CHAPTER 150-H.F.No.2909

An act relating to liquor; temporary licensing of clubs, charitable, religious, or non-profit associations for sale of non-intoxicating malt liquor in schools; amending Minnesota Statutes, 1973 Supplement, Sections 340.02, Subdivision 2; and 624.701, Subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikeout

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes, 1973 Supplement, Section 340.02, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. NON-INTOXICATING MALT LIQUOR; TEMPORARY LI-CENSE; "ON-SALE" FEES. Retail "on-sale" licenses shall permit the licensee to sell such non-intoxicating malt liquors for consumption on the licensed premises, and the license fee therefor shall be fixed by and paid to the county or municipality wherein the premises are situated. "On-sale" licenses shall be granted only to drug stores, restaurants, hotels, bona fide clubs, and establishments for the sale of nonintoxicating malt beverages, cigars, cigarettes, all forms of tobacco, beverages, and soft drinks at retail. A club or charitable, religious, or non-profit organization may be issued a temporary "on-sale" license for the sale of nonintoxicating malt liquor on and off school grounds, and in and out of schoolhouses and school buildings. The temporary licenses shall be subject to such terms, including a license fee, as the issuing county or municipality shall prescribe.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes, 1973 Supplement, Section 624.701, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

624.701 LIQUORS IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS OR GROUNDS. Subdivision 1. Any person who shall introduce upon, or have in his possession upon, or in, any school ground, or any schoolhouse or school building, any intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor as defined in chapter 340, except for experiments in laboratories <u>and except for those organizations who have been issued temporary licenses to sell nonintoxicating malt liquor pursuant to section 1 and any person possessing nonintoxicating malt liquor as a result of a purchase from those organizations holding temporary licenses pursuant to section 1, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.</u>

Approved March 15, 1974.

## CHAPTER 151-H.F.No.3039

An act relating to the trunk highway system; discontinuing and removing a route from the trunk highway system.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MIN-NESOTA:

Section 1. TRUNK HIGHWAY SYSTEM; REMOVAL OF ROUTE NO. 318. Route No. 318 as contained and described in Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 161.115, is discontinued and removed from the trunk highway system.

Sec. 2. The revisor of statutes, in compiling the Minnesota Statutes, shall delete the route specified in section 1.

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikcout