
CHAPTER 220—H.F.No.988

An act relating to banks; altering certain definitions relating to detached facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1978, Section 47.51.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1, Minnesota Statutes 1978, Section 47.51, is amended to read:

47.51 DETACHED BANKING FACILITIES; DEFINITIONS. As used in sections 47.51 to 47.57:

“Extension of the main banking house” means any structure or stationary mechanical device serving as a drive-in or walk-up facility, or both, which is located within 150 feet of the main banking house, the distance to be measured in a straight line from the closest points of the closest structures involved and which performs one or more of the functions described in section 47.53.

“Detached facility” means any permanent structure, office accommodation located within the premises of any existing commercial or business establishment, stationary automated remote controlled teller facility, stationary unmanned cash dispensing or receiving device, located separate and apart from the main banking house which is not an “extension of the main banking house” as above defined, that serves as a drive-in or walk-up facility, or both, with one or more tellers windows, or as a remote controlled teller facility or a cash dispensing or receiving device, and which performs one or more of those functions described in section 47.53.

“Bank” means a bank as defined in section 45.08 and any banking office established prior to the effective date of Laws 1923, Chapter 170, Section 1.

“Commissioner” means the commissioner of banks.

“Municipality” means the geographical area encompassing the boundaries of any home rule charter or statutory city located in this state, and any detached area, pursuant to section 473.625, operated as a major airport by the metropolitan airports commission pursuant to sections 473.601 to 473.679.

Sec. 2. This act is effective the day following final enactment.

Approved May 25, 1979.

CHAPTER 221—H.F.No.1018

An act relating to no-fault automobile insurance; providing for coverage of certain

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medical benefits under automobile insurance policies; providing disability and income loss benefits for certain persons who lose unemployment compensation benefits as a result of accidental injury; amending Minnesota Statutes 1978, Section 65B.44, Subdivisions 2 and 3.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1978, Section 65B.44, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **MEDICAL EXPENSE BENEFITS.** Medical expense benefits shall reimburse all reasonable expenses for necessary medical, surgical, x-ray, optical, dental, chiropractic, and rehabilitative services, including prosthetic devices, prescription drugs, necessary ambulance and all other reasonable transportation expenses incurred in traveling to receive covered medical benefits, hospital, extended care and nursing services. Hospital room and board benefits may be limited, except for intensive care facilities, to the regular daily semi-private room rates customarily charged by the institution in which the recipient of benefits is confined. Such benefits shall also include necessary remedial treatment and services recognized and permitted under the laws of this state for an injured person who relies upon spiritual means through prayer alone for healing in accordance with his religious beliefs. Medical expense loss includes medical expenses accrued prior to the death of a person notwithstanding the fact that benefits are paid or payable to the decedent's survivors. Medical expense benefits for rehabilitative services shall be subject to the provisions of section 65B.45.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1978, Section 65B.44, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **DISABILITY AND INCOME LOSS BENEFITS.** Disability and income loss benefits shall ~~reimburse~~ provide compensation for 85 percent of the injured person's loss of present and future gross income from inability to work proximately caused by the nonfatal injury subject to a maximum of \$200 per week. Loss of income includes the costs incurred by a self-employed person to hire substitute employees to perform tasks which are necessary to maintain his income, which he normally performs himself, and which he cannot perform because of his injury.

If the injured person is unemployed at the time of injury and is receiving or is eligible to receive unemployment benefits under chapter 268, but the injured person loses his eligibility for those benefits because of inability to work caused by the injury, disability and income loss benefits shall provide compensation for the lost benefits in an amount equal to the unemployment benefits which otherwise would have been payable, subject to a maximum of \$200 per week.

Compensation for loss of income from work under this subdivision shall be reduced by any income from substitute work actually performed by the injured person or by income the injured person would have earned in available appropriate substitute work which he was capable of performing but unreasonably failed to undertake.

For the purposes of this section "inability to work" means disability which prevents the injured person from engaging in any substantial gainful occupation or employment on

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a regular basis, for wage or profit, for which he is or may by training become reasonably qualified. If the injured person returns to his employment and is unable by reason of his injury to work continuously, compensation for lost income shall be reduced by the income received while he is actually able to work.

Sec. 3. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This act is effective the day following its final enactment and applies to any plan of reparation security issued, amended, renewed, continued, executed or delivered on or after that date.

Approved May 25, 1979.

CHAPTER 222—H.F.No.1029

An act relating to employments licensed by the state; prescribing certain duties of the board of architecture, engineering, land surveying and landscape architecture; limiting certain rule making powers of the board, and extending the time limit for the making of the rules; amending Minnesota Statutes 1978, Section 326.06; and Laws 1978, Chapter 577, Section 4.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1978, Section 326.06, is amended to read:

326.06 **GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARD.** Each member of the board shall receive a certificate of appointment from the governor, and, before beginning his term of office, shall file with the secretary of state the constitutional oath of office. The board shall adopt and have an official seal, which shall be affixed to all licenses granted; shall make all rules, not inconsistent with law, needed in performing its duties; and shall fix standards for determining the qualifications of applicants for certificates, which shall not exceed the requirements contained in the curriculum of a recognized school of architecture, landscape architecture or engineering. The board shall make rules to define classes of buildings with respect to which persons performing services described in section 326.03, subdivision 2, may be exempted from the provisions of sections 326.02 to 326.15, by a finding of no probable risk to life, health, property or public welfare. These rules shall be promulgated on or before ~~April~~ July 1, 1979. Upon the adoption of these rules, section 326.03, subdivision 2, clauses (e) and (f), ~~and Laws 1978, Chapter 577, Section 2~~ are superseded and of no effect.

Sec. 2. Laws 1978, Chapter 577, Section 4, is amended to read:.

Sec. 4. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Section 2 is effective ~~April~~ July 2, 1979. Sections 1 and 3 are effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This act is effective the day following its final enactment.

Approved May 25, 1979.

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